

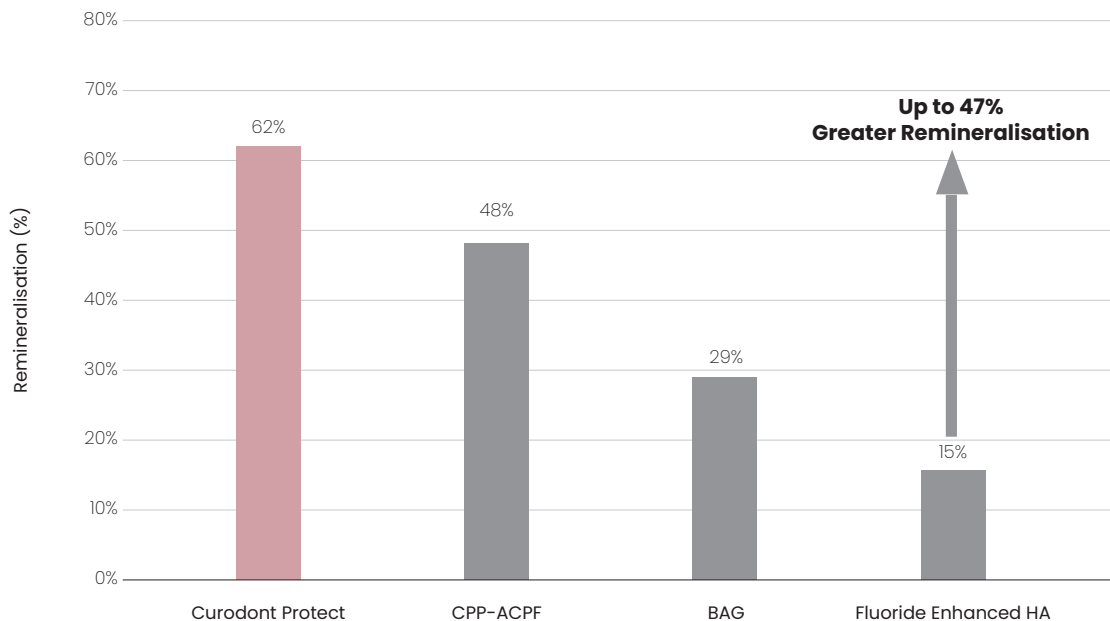


## Curodont Protect increases the surface microhardness of demineralized enamel significantly better than competing products

### RESULTS

Curodont Protect demonstrate to effectively and significantly remineralize enamel lesions as compared to other test agents: Casein phosphopeptide amorphous calcium phosphate fluoride (CPP-ACPF), Bioactive glass (BAG) and Fluoride enhanced hydroxyapatite (Fluoride enhanced HA). Curodont Protect raised Surface Microhardness to a level where no significant difference to the sound control samples could be found.

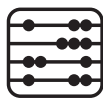
### Surface Microhardness Analysis



### STUDY ESSENTIALS



60 Human Premolars



In Vitro Study



30 Days




Goa, India

### How can you use these results in your practice?


One of the manifestations of demineralization is the reduction in the surface hardness of enamel. You can use Curodont Protect in-office and instruct the patient on its home-use to increase the surface hardness of demineralized enamel to a level comparable to that of sound enamel. Most 'remineralizing' products increase the concentration of calcium and phosphate ions in the vicinity of enamel (such as CPP-ACP and BAG) or make the enamel more resistant to dissolution (such as fluoride-based products). Curodont Protect combines the benefits of calcium, phosphate, and fluoride with the regenerative capacity of the self-assembling peptide technology and thus remineralizes up to 47% more than competing products.

## STUDY INFORMATION

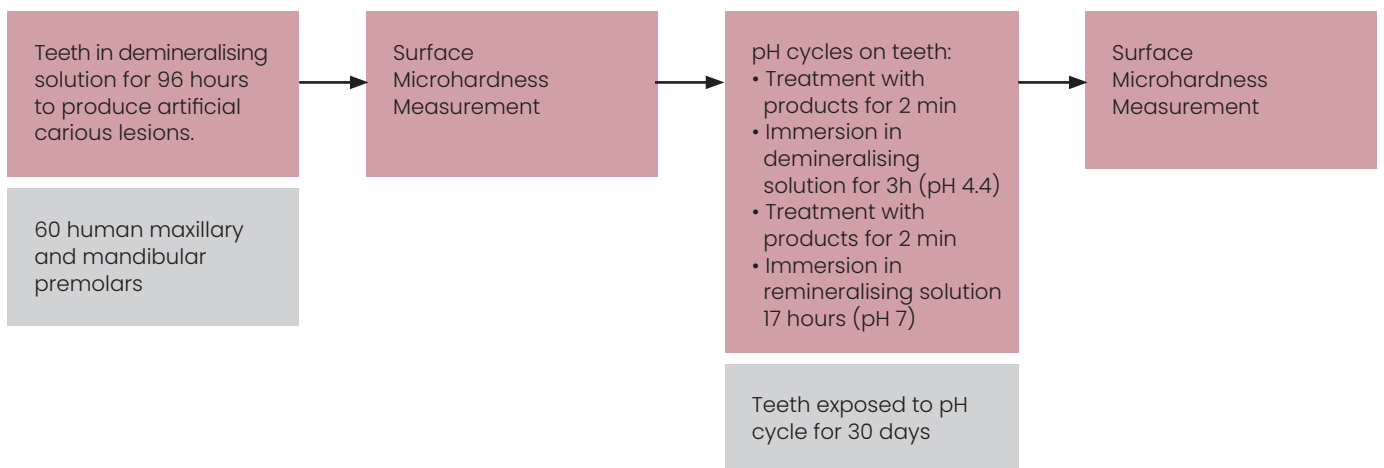
**Title:** Assessment of Enamel Remineralisation After Treatment with Four Different Remineralising Agents: A Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) Study\*


-  **Products Tested:**
- Curodont Protect
  - Casein Phosphopeptide Amorphous Calcium Phosphate Fluoride (CPP-ACPF)
  - Bioactive Glass (BAG)
  - Fluoride Enhanced Hydroxyapatite (Fluoride enhanced HA)

 **Scope & Methodology:** This in vitro study was designed to evaluate the remineralising capacity of 4 remineralization agents on artificial enamel lesions, through Surface Microhardness (SMH) analysis, tested in a pH cycling model over 30 days.

 **Samples:** 60 human maxillary and mandibular premolars extracted for orthodontic treatment. Teeth with any visible or detectable caries, restorations, hypoplastic lesions, stains, cracks and white spot lesions were excluded from the study.

### Procedure:



 **Conclusion:** Curodont Protect demonstrated promising results by effectively and significantly remineralizing the enamel lesions as compared to other test agents based on Fluoride or BAG.

### \*Reference

Soares R, De Ataide I.D.N, Fernandes M, Lambor R, Assessment of Enamel Remineralisation after treatment with four different remineralising agents: A Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) Study, J Clin Diagn Res. 2017 Apr; 11(4): ZC136-ZC141.